

# WOMEN VOTERS HOLD BALANCE OF POWER IN ELECTION TO-DAY

## COAL PRODUCTION INCREASES AS FIRST STRIKERS RETURN; RECORD IN NON-UNION MINES

Fifteen West Virginia Workings, Closed by Walkout, Re-open With Old Forces.

MORE FUEL IN SOUTH.

Pittsburgh District Begins Shipping of Reserve Stocks South and North.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—In the face of a virtually unbroken front of approximately 45,000 striking coal miners, whose walkout throughout the nation at midnight Friday night has produced almost complete paralysis of the production of bituminous coal, the beginning of the second full day of the strike found Government officials and coal mine operators in an optimistic mood.

Thousands of the carloads of fuel in transit were confiscated by the Federal Railroad Administration over night, diminishing the supply of private industries and municipalities, some of which already have felt the stopping of production.

Fifteen union mines in the Northern fields of West Virginia to-day had resumed production, according to a statement by the West Virginia Coal Association, which asserted that was the first definite break in the miners' strike. Coal production in that State was well over 50 per cent. the operators said.

Non-union miners in Pennsylvania continued on their jobs, getting out an appreciable amount of fuel, with the amount brought to the surface swelled by the work of nearly all mines in Eastern Kentucky, five Ohio strip pits and the return to work after a one-day lay-off of the lignite mines in North Dakota.

In Alabama operators asserted that some of the larger mines were running practically on full schedule. Claims of union leaders that the South's largest production field that 25,000 of 25,000 men employed in the industry were idle were disputed by the operators, who said 7,000 were at work and to-day's production would exceed yesterday's.

So far the strike has been remarkably free of violence. No riotous suffering has been reported as due to the coal shortage, but in Iowa, Iowa, was in darkness last night when the coal supply was diverted to the waterworks plant, at Indianola, Iowa, sharp restrictions were placed on the use of coal.

In Nebraska and Montana the shortage also was reported as interfering with routine. Schools in both States not already closed soon may find their doors unless supplies of fuel are forthcoming.

Non-union mines set record in Pittsburgh District.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 4.—Record breaking coal production in non-union mines in the Pittsburgh district was reported to-day by operators, while union leaders said the minimum under the jurisdiction of the United Mine Workers were down as tight as at any time since the strike was called. Cars were even more plentiful to-day than yesterday and every effort was made by the railroads to move coal as promptly as it was loaded.

Small mines which provide coal for domestic purposes were operating in all parts of the district and wagons, trucks and open wheelbarrows were being used by neighboring residents to reinforce their stocks. Shipments of reserve coal from the Pittsburgh district have begun, 1,000 cars being sent as far west as Chicago and as far north as Buffalo.

Work at Work in Five Pennsylvania Counties.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 4.—Reports received at the State Department of Mines to-day from mine inspectors in the Pittsburgh district indicated that many miners were working in Westmoreland, Greene, Fayette and Somerset counties and that some were working in Indiana. Several instances were reported that in many mining towns men were showing an inclination to return to work.

West Virginia Operators May Invite Strikers Back.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Operators of West Virginia coal fields affected by the strike met here to-day to consider issuing a public invitation to all striking miners to return to work. This follows the first break reported in the ranks of the strikers, which the operators say occurred at fifteen union mines in the northern part of the State. These mines, however, are small ones. All mines in the southern West Virginia along the Norfolk and Western Railroad are working and the output is normal, it was stated.

The final heading report issued at the division offices of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad at Huntington, and which is a fair indicator of coal production in the State, showed that yesterday's output was 1,000 cars, or 100,000 tons, a record for the day.

Production of the mines during the past two weeks, reports indicate. Working forces in the fields have been increased by the arrival of men from other fields affected by the strike, according to mine operators.

The New River Coal Operators' Association will meet here next week to discuss plans for the operation of all mines in the district, according to a statement by T. L. Lewis, the secretary. Mr. Lewis said four mines were operating to-day.

Reports from the non-union Guyan district operators said showed increased production to-day over that of yesterday, while from Windfall, Guyan, Williams and Pocahontas came similar reports. All mines are operating eight hours a day. Efforts to operate the non-union mines in the Morgantown region met with no success, but in the neighboring county of Preston production was normal with all mines open.

Many More Men Working in Colorado Mines.

DENVER, Nov. 4.—Negotiations to end the coal strike in Colorado failed when the operators declined to entertain a closed shop proposal made by Robert Foster, international organizer for the United Mine Workers. Movement of State Guards continued to-day to mines which operators plan to open under troop protection. Operators predicted that yesterday's showing of 40 per cent. activity at some of the non-union mines would be increased to-day.

At Walsen, near Walsenburg, where troops were dispatched late yesterday, 15 men were working this morning, while only 48 worked yesterday. The Fremont Mine, in Fremont County, was operating to-day, and other properties reported increased working forces.

Maryland Operators Plan Suit Against Union Leaders.

CUMMERSVILLE, Md., Nov. 4.—An announcement was made to-day that a number of operators of the upper Potomac field will enter suit against the national executives of the United Mine Workers at Indianapolis, and the Committee of Seven in this district, which signed the two-year working agreement on behalf of the miners on May 4, 1918. This agreement cannot be abrogated without 30 days' notice, but operators claim that no notice was given.

Coal Mined in North Dakota to Be Kept in State.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 4.—Prior to a conference here to-day of lignite mine operators and workers called by Gov. Frazier, it was announced that the Governor had pledged to the miners, represented by Henry Brennan of Billings, Mont., that he would support their demand that no lignite mined in North Dakota should be shipped outside of the State.

Frank Mitchell, member of the State Railroad Commission, asserted that this agreement would be carried out despite the order issued by the Federal Railroad Administration for the seizure of all coal in transit.

Utah Producing Coal on 90 Per Cent. Basis.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 4.—Utah coal mines continue to operate with nearly complete crews and it is estimated they are working at approximately 90 per cent. capacity. Railroad officials report a normal movement of coal from the mines.

Some Small Non-Union Mines Open in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4.—A few non-union mines in Ohio are operating, but both union leaders and operators agree that the output is so small that their operation will have no bearing on the outcome of the strike.

Indiana Plans to Re-establish Lightless Night.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 4.—Establishment of lightless nights and curfew of all except absolutely necessary use of electric current to conserve the supply of coal, was ordered to-day by the Indiana Public Service Commission.

Coal Strike Closes Montana Schools.

BILLINGS, Mont., Nov. 4.—The public schools here closed to-day because of a coal famine resulting from the strike.

MINERS WANT LESS WORK, NOT MORE, SAYS OFFICIAL

Illinois President Says Opinion Men Seek Five-Day Minimum Is Wrong.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 4.—President Frank L. Farrington of the Illinois district of mine workers, explaining what he said was a misapprehension, declared to-day the demands of the union did not include a provision for five full days' work a week or in other words a minimum of five days a week.

"What the miners are demanding," he said, "is that the week be restricted to five working days. This does not necessarily mean that there would be less work five days a week, but it does mean that under the agreement work would be limited to five days a week."

LOSES RINGS WORTH \$15,000

Mined Them When She Went to Prison.

Miss Ray Levin of San Francisco reported to the police to-day the loss of two diamond rings which she said were worth \$15,000. Mrs. Levin said she was carrying the rings in a small purse in her handbag. She first missed the purse when she opened her bag while on a shopping tour.

Chile Gives Bolivia an Outlet in the Pacific.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Chile has again given Bolivia an outlet to the Pacific Ocean by ceding a strip of land north of the Province of Azuay, according to official advice received here to-day.

## Women Voting Early in Oliver Street Precinct; This Is the District Where Gov. Smith Casts Ballot



### TROOPS AT MINES IN PENNSYLVANIA; GUARD WORKERS

Regulars From Buffalo Reach Edge of Non-Union Field, Still in Operation.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 4.—United States troops entered Pennsylvania on strike to-day when a company of infantry arrived here from Buffalo. They were held in their train until arrangements could be made for scattering them through the district.

The troops, in command of Col. E. D. Evans, arrived from Fort Niagara early in the day. They number 150 men and carried camp equipment and supplies for a long stay. It was reported that another company would arrive later in the day.

Brownsville is on the Monongahela River, the center of an important mining field with about forty mines, employing some 30,000 miners. It is on the edge of the non-union mine country.

Many mines are closed by the strike, but almost an equal number not controlled by the United Mine Workers are to be kept in operation under the protection of the troops, it was stated by operators.

Military Control in New Mexico and Wyoming Fields.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Mexico, to-day were added to the districts under military control by a martial law proclamation of Gov. Larralde. Federal soldiers took charge as the strike became complete in all mines of the state except those of the Gallup American Company at Gallup.

Additional troops for possible duty in the extensive Pennsylvania fields were under orders to-day to be ready to enter at two hours' notice. They were the 2nd and 3rd regiments of Infantry at Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas. The 3rd Infantry will start to-morrow for Camp Lewis, Washington, for strike duty in the Pacific Northwest.

For duty in Wyoming coal fields, a company of the 21st Infantry is in route from Spokane, Washington. Military control was established in all the Northern Wyoming coal camps, but it was announced civil officers would continue to function. Additional State troops were sent into the Colorado fields, their activities centering, north-west of Trinidad.

6 HURT IN 9TH AVENUE ELEVATED COLLISION

Northbound Train Crashes Into Rear of Train Waiting at 155th Street Station.

Six persons were injured slightly when a northbound local elevated train of the 9th Avenue line collided with a train waiting in the station at 155th Street and 9th Avenue, this morning. The ends of the train and part of the station boarding were damaged, but service was not delayed.

The northbound local was in charge of Motorman J. Felleman, No. 2647, 8th Avenue and left South Ferry at 8:30 o'clock. The other was in charge of Edwin Witherbee, No. 3 Broadway.

A large crowd was at the station and there was considerable excitement. None of the injured persons waited for medical attention.

### SUGAR FOR VOTERS AT POLLS IN 17TH ELECTION DISTRICT

"Doing Relief Work," Explains "Jimmy" Kelly, Giving Tickets on Own Store.

Every voter who appeared at the polls in the 17th Election District of the Second Assembly District to-day received a card which entitled him to a gift of three and a half pounds of sugar. The presentation was made by John De Salvo, better known as Jimmy Kelly, Democratic captain of the 17th Election District. There were 544 registered voters and Kelly said this morning that he expected to give away 1,500 pounds of sugar.

At Kelly's place of business, No. 204 Hester Street, the card was exchanged for the sugar. Evidently inspired by rumors of free sugar, eight-seen voters were lined up when the polls were opened at 8 o'clock. The first to exchange a card for sugar was Mrs. Mamie Breglio, No. 123 Baxter Street.

In explanation Kelly said: "This is not done to influence votes, for we do not hand out the card until the voter has cast his ballot. But the people of the east side have difficulty in getting sugar these days, and so I thought that I would do a little relief work."

Kelly declined to tell newspaper men where he got the sugar, but said that he would have no hesitancy in telling the Federal Food Administrator if the latter was interested.

"I will have 1,000 pounds more next Friday which I will probably give away in the same manner," continued the Tammany captain.

RETURNS ARE RELAYED TO MORAN ON SICK-BED

Democratic Candidate for President of Board of Aldermen Is Unable to Vote.

Despite the fact that Robert L. Moran, candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen on the Democratic ticket, was able to walk around his home yesterday, following an operation some time ago for appendicitis, he will not cast a vote to-day. Arrangements were made by Arthur H. Murphy, Democratic leader of the Bronx, to have the returns relayed to the candidate's home at No. 1458 St. Lawrence Avenue.

Moran pleaded with his physician to be allowed to sit in front of his polling place, but the physician told him he could not leave the house for several weeks.

Disabled Steamer Hoxie at Halifax.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—The Shipping Board steamer Hoxie, which was partly disabled on Oct. 28 by the loss of her propeller blades, has reached Halifax, N. S., according to a radio message received here to-day. She was bound from Great for New York.

Wales to Visit Naval Academy Nov. 24

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 4.—The Prince of Wales will visit the United States Naval Academy about Nov. 24, it was announced here to-day.

### WOMEN VOTING HEAVILY THROUGHOUT THE STATE

Both Democrats and Republicans Claim Gains in the Assembly.

ALBANY, Nov. 4.—Fair weather reported throughout the State contributed largely to the heavy rush of voters to-day. Reports received here from most sections of the State indicated that women were almost as numerous as the men at the polls.

State headquarters of both Republicans and Democrats were confident they would show an increase in the number of assemblymen elected. Republicans asserted they would probably add ten to their membership of ninety, while Democrats were equally insistent they would cut down the present Republican majority.

In the city of Albany, where the Democrats with R. K. Townsend as their majority candidate, are putting up their hardest fight in years, the situation is regarded as close. At Democratic headquarters it is claimed the Democrats will carry the city by 3,500.

### ELECTION NIGHT LIKE ANY OTHER IN CABARET LIFE

Prohibition has taken all the joy out of Broadway on Election Night and marks the passing of one of New York's great institutions. No table reservations have been made for to-night in any of the prominent hotels or cafes. From Healy's to Maxim's the answer was the same as to reservations. There weren't any. Julius Keller, Vice President of the Society of Restaurateurs and proprietor of Maxim's was the only proprietor still at the noon hour.

"We all expect the regular Saturday night attendance," said Mr. Keller. "So far as I have heard there hasn't been a reservation made and can you blame the people? There is all right but they want the kick that goes with it. One can't live up to any great extent without liquor and men and women are not going to come down town to buy one-half per cent. of nothing when they have the real goods with the kick in it at home. Election night in New York seems to be a thing of the past."

Mayor and Mrs. Hylan walked two blocks from their home at No. 559 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, to cast their votes in a polling place at Greene and Evergreen Avenues early in the morning. After a cheery "good morning" to everybody in the place they spent about five minutes marking their ballots. The Mayor returned to comment on the election and drove to City Hall shortly before 9 o'clock.

Miss Bertha Rambaugh, Republican candidate for Justice of the First District Municipal Court, cast her ballot at 10:30 o'clock in Public School No. 2, Hudson and Grove Streets, the polling place of the Thirty-first Election District of the First Assembly District. A battalion of camera men was waiting for her. She wore a long grayish-black belted coat, a black velvet hat, blue tailored suit, mannish soft white collar and blue tie and square-toed, low-heeled shoes.

"The district," Miss Rambaugh said, "has been Democratic for thirty years but I look for tremendous Republican gains. I am hopeful but see no reason for extravagant claims."

Irwin Untermyer, candidate for Supreme Court Justice, cast his ballot at 8:45 at 8th Street and West End Avenue.

Major Florella H. La Guardia, Republican candidate for President of

### CHEER GOVERNOR AND WIFE AS THEY ARRIVE AT POLLS

Cast Ballots Across Street From Home—Mayor and Mrs. Hylan Vote Early.

Governor and Mrs. Smith voted at 10:30 o'clock in Public School No. 1, the sixteenth precinct of the First Assembly District, across the street from their home in Oliver Street. They were driven there from the Hotel Biltmore, accompanied by Charles E. Thurlay, Robert L. Moran's campaign manager, Thomas O'Brien and Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Cohen, old neighborhood friends.

Oliver Street was crowded with their friends as the automobile drew up and the party was greeted with cheers. Inside the school they were met by Tom Foley, License Commissioner John Glickstein, Congressman Dan Riordan and others. There was quite a line of voters and the Governor and Mrs. Smith took their places at the end. Last year Mrs. Smith was the first to cast a vote in the district, the honor of being the first to vote for her husband for Governor being accorded her.

Her ballot number this morning was No. 260 and that of the Governor, No. 261. Miss Tess Ferris, woman captain of the district, stepped out of the line and greeted Mrs. Smith with a kiss. There were women with babies in arms in the booth and with these the Governor lingered to talk. When the women went into the booths to vote some other women held their children.

The Governor announced that he was going to spend the rest of the day with his mother whose sixty-seventh birthday he will celebrate in her home in Brooklyn. If possible, he said, he would attend the dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association at the Waldorf on Thursday night.

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## ELECTION CALLED DULLEST IN HISTORY OF THE CITY

(Continued From First Page.)

of the opportunities offered them which sent them early to vote. Women of means and the better educated class, in many of the districts, voted fifty-fifty with the men. In the more crowded tenement districts the women formed but 30 per cent. of the voters in the early balloting. In most of the Socialist districts early voting was a feature, with the women keeping close up to the men voters.

### FEW WOMEN VOTE IN SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

The lack of interest shown by the women in the early afternoon was strikingly illustrated in a canvass of a number of polling places in the Second Assembly District at 2 o'clock. In the Second Election District of this Assembly District 170 had voted out of a total registration of 845, but only twenty-four ballots had been cast by the women. In the Third Election District, out of a registration of 250, 127 had voted, 15 being women. In the Fifth Election District, out of a registration of 530, 202 men had voted and 70 women. In the Seventh District there were 43 women in the 374 who had voted up to 2:30 out of a total registration of 580. In the Eighth District, with a registration of 512, 313 had voted, but only 15 were women. In the Sixteenth District, out of a total registration of 442, 261 had voted, 10 being women.

Later in the morning the women began to go to the polls in all parts of the city. In the majority of sections they were keeping up with the men in their proportion of registration at the ratio of one to three.

The Barnard College girls weren't among the early voters, but turned out fairly strong about 11 o'clock. On Columbia Heights in Brooklyn the women reached the polls at an earlier hour. Teachers, art students and women of means were included in this class.

### INDICATIONS ARE LIGHT VOTE WILL BE POLLED.

At York and Poplar, in the tenement district of Brooklyn, the women preserved the one to three ratio. The average vote grew stronger as the hours advanced and at noon there were waiting lines at the polls all over the city. But at that hour the consensus of political opinion was that the returns for the day would be light.

At nearly every booth were women of the Red Cross and they reaped a harvest for the Red Cross campaign. Old-timers smiled at this and more than one remarked that the dollars were going in different directions than in the "good old days."

A report that liquor was being used to coax reluctant voters caused excitement at Internal Revenue headquarters in the Custom House and enforcement officers were kept on the run all morning. The First and Eighteenth Assembly Districts in Brooklyn were named as among those where an anxious voter in the know could be accommodated. There were similar reports from Staten Island.

In Brooklyn the early voting was much less brisk than in former years, which was accounted for by the leaders by the fact that it is an off year. Women captains, guards and election officers were punctual and vigilant at their posts.

A heavy Socialist vote was cast in the Brownsville and East New York sections of Brooklyn. Abraham Ship-lapoff, Socialist candidate for Alderman, and Charles Solomon, Socialist candidate for the Assembly, were certain of election. It was apparent that the Socialist Party in Brooklyn, which split up into factions last year, had been reunited.

There was little activity at Republican Headquarters, at Sixth Avenue and 9th Street. The only comment of Samuel S. Koenig, Republican leader, was: "We are preparing to watch carefully that there is no juggling of the ballots."

### BIG VOTE IN BRONX INDICATED IN EARLY HOURS.

Early voting in the Bronx indicated two things: that a large vote would be polled and that most of the votes being cast are straight tickets. Democratic Leader Arthur H. Murphy was abroad early and was confident that Moran and Calahan, candidate for City Court Judge, would go down to the Bronx line with 40,000 majority.

Sheephead Bay and Coney Island were early at the polls and the speed with which the tickets were marked caused considerable speculation. In the Sheephead Bay section, for instance, there had been voted in one district more than sixty ballots before 8 o'clock. The sixty-second bal-

lot was dropped into the box at five minutes to 8 and there had been only three women in the polling place. Oldtimers in Sheephead Bay accounted for the early voting with the explanation that the weather was ideal for fishing and that many devotees of the art of angling had risen early, cast their ballots and had tied themselves to the docks and fishing smacks.

Betting is comparatively light and total Wall Street wagers were estimated at \$75,000. The candidates quoted closest at these odds: Mayor, 3 to 1; Foley, 5 to 1; Moran, 3 to 1; Reuben H. Haskell, 4 to 1; George J. S. Dowling, 8 to 5.

The total registration is 1,079,336. As follows: Manhattan, 470,000; Bronx, 150,000; Brooklyn, 407,129; Queens, 110,478; Richmond, 24,833.

### REPORTER FINDS 'SUGAR' EASILY AT THE POLLS; GETS \$1 IN LITTLE BAG

Surprised When Envelope Is Handed to Him as He Says He "Voted Right."

A REPORTER leaving home this morning was commanded by his wife to procure some sugar in New York if it were possible. The reporter, following his arrival at his office was assigned to "cover" a certain election district for news. In the course of his wanderings he went into the polling place to find some local color.

Emerging, he remembered the parting word about buying sugar and approaching a watcher of the polls said: "Any sugar around here?"

"Did you vote right?" was the watcher's question. "Sure," returned the reporter, having in mind his vote earlier in the day.

"Well," the watcher said after some hesitation, "if you did that, here's the sugar," handing the reporter an envelope.

The envelope contained a \$1 bill. lot was dropped into the box at five minutes to 8 and there had been only three women in the polling place. Oldtimers in Sheephead Bay accounted for the early voting with the explanation that the weather was ideal for fishing and that many devotees of the art of angling had risen early, cast their ballots and had tied themselves to the docks and fishing smacks.

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Bridgeport Polls Record Vote in Municipal Campaign.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 4.—After the hottest municipal campaign Bridgeport has seen in twenty years, voters went to the polls to-day to decide whether Louis G. Clark, Mayor, or George J. S. Dowling, 8 to 5.

The total registration is 1,079,336. As follows: Manhattan, 470,000; Bronx, 150,000; Brooklyn, 407,129; Queens, 110,478; Richmond, 24,833.

Schmitt Opposes Ralph in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—James Ralph, who is serving his second term of four years as mayor, and Eugene E. Schmitt, former mayor, who was indicted during the recent investigation here in 1907 are the principal contenders for the office of chief executive of San Francisco in the municipal election to-day. Charles M. Fickert, district attorney under whom the Money bomb cases were prosecuted, is a candidate for re-election.

Illinois Votes on Initiative and Referendum.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Delegates to the Fifth State Constitutional convention to-day were voted for in Illinois, with additional proposals to instruct delegates regarding the wishes of the people to include in the prospective constitution provision for the initiative and referendum and authorizing municipalities to acquire utilities.

Constitutional Convention Before Nebraska Voters.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 4.—Selection of delegates to a constitutional convention was the only State-wide proposition before Nebraska voters to-day. The city of Lincoln voted on municipal operation of the street car lines.

KIDDIES START FIRES BURNING EARLY IN DAY

"White Wings" Provide Amusement for Children in Extinguishing Blazing Asphalt.

The "firebug kids" felt the spirit of destruction moving them early this morning. Usually on Election Day they don't begin the blazes which destroy thousands of dollars' worth of property and other things which get in the way of the flames until the afternoon. As early as 9 o'clock the youngsters had started a fire in the middle of the street in Franklin Street, just east of Centre.

A hole ten feet square had been burned in the asphalt before the "White Wings" extinguished the flames. And then another blaze was kindled in the middle of the street in Hester Street, which is a thoroughfare for light automobiles for the Williamsburg Bridge, flames were leaping from a fire blazing from curb to curb at 9:30 o'clock. Barrels, boxes and big planks were thrown on as feeders.

The White Wings of the Street Department followed the fires with coils of hose on their backs and played the hose, to the delight of the youngsters.